

Owner's Copy

### PennHIP Report

Referring Veterinarian: Dr Edward Womack Email: cascadevet@cascadevetclinic.com

Clinic Name: Cascade Veterinary Clinic Clinic Address: 1201 Walta Walla Avenue Wenatchee, WA 98801

Phone: (509) 663-0793 Fax: (509) 663-5966

#### Patient Information

Client: Botello, Jacqueline Patient Name: Preston Reg. Name: Pressed For Time PennHIP Num: 127134 Species: Canine

Date of Birth: 24 Jul 2018

Sex: Male

Date of Study: 18 Feb 2019 Date of Report: 20 Feb 2019

Tattoo Num:

Patient ID: 99990

Registration Num: PR21002809 Microchio Num: 981020029774588

Breed: STANDARD POODLE

Age: 7 months

Weight: 39 lbs/17.7 kgs

Date Submitted: 18 Feb 2019

#### Findings

Distraction Index (DI): Right DI = 0.36, Left DI = 0.36.

Osteoarthritis (OA): No radiographic evidence of OA for either hip.

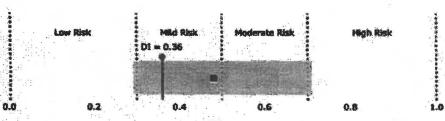
Cavitation/Other Findings: No cavitation present.

#### Interpretation

Distraction Index (DI): The laxity ranking is based on the hip with the greater laxity (I arger DI). In this case the DI used is

OA Risk Category: The DI is between 0.31 and 0.49. This patient is at mild risk for hip OA. Distraction Index Chart:

#### STANDARD POODLE



Distraction Index

BREED STATISTICS: This interpretation is based on a cross-section of 3386 canine patients of the STANDARD POODLE breed in the AIS PennsilP database. The gray strip represents the central 90% range of Dis (0.29 - 0.71) for the breed. The breed average DI is 0.48 (solid square). The patient DI is the solid circle (0.36).

SUMMARY: The degree of laxity (DI = 0.36) falls within the central 90% range of DIs for the breed. This amount of hip lastly places the hip at a mild risk to develop hip OA. No radiographic evidence of OA for either hip.

### AMERICAN KENNEL CLUB, FOUNDED 1884

# Certified Pedigree

**BAMA DAWSON** 

Sire PR18606104 (09-16) BR & WH AKC DNA #V838711

PRESSED FOR TIME

PR21002809

POODLE MALE BR & WH Date Whelped: 07/20/2018 Breeder: ELIZABETH OKUMU

ROUGE OF HARGETT RANCH
PR19023703 (04-17) OFA27G OFEL27 RD

AMERICAN KENNEL CLUB®

Executive Secretary

ENCHANTED VALLEY'S ZOMBIE APOCALYPSE

PR16750205 (03-15) BR & WH AKC DNA #V817107

ENCHANTED VALLEY'S SUFFERING CALYPSO

PR17168207 (03-15) BLK & WH

REESES'S GARNER PARTI PR16680007 (10-14) RD & WH AKC DNA

PRINCETIN SCULLY PR17351705 (06-16) RD

#V778039

BROOKE'S GORGEOUS PRINCE DUSTIN PR14221901 (05-13) BR WH MKGS

HEIDI'S ROYAL BALL AT MIDNIGHT PR15529104 (05-13) BLK & WH

ITZAPROMISE GANDALPH PR17012701 (12-13) SLVR (UKG) AKC DNA #V704354

C&C'S LITTLE ANNIE PR15888702 (04-13) BR & APCT BLK PTS

**A PIECE OF JOLLY RANCHER**PR15559303 (04-13) RD & WH AKC DNA
#V726360

REESE'S RED SILK OF HOPE PR15467504 (04-13) RD & WH WH MKGS

**LEMARS RED ROCKET OF FIRE**PR15157702 (08-13) OFA25G RD AKC DNA
#V727014

PRINCETIN'S CHIQUIRA IS A HOTTIE PR14947704 (05-13) OFA41G RD

The Seal of The American Kennel Club affixed hereto certifies that this pedigree was compiled from official Stud Book records on September 18, 2018.

# RESTON'S HEALTH

We have tested Preston's DNA for more than 150 disease-causing mutations. Below is a summary of our findings.



### **CLEAR - 152**

Congratulations! Preston inherited zero copies of these disease mutations. Be sure to use our share feature to let your veterinarian know about Preston's results. For some of the conditions there may still be undiscovered mutations and/or environmental factors that could lead to similar disease signs. These clear results will help narrow down a future diagnosis if Preston ever gets sick.

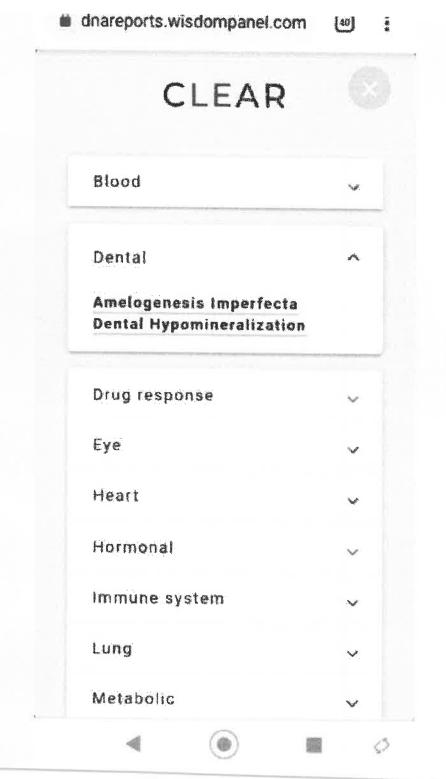
See all clear results.

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Hemophilia A (Discovered in th... Phosphofructokinase Deficiency Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency (Di... P2RY12-associated Bleeding Di... Hemophilia B (Discovered in th... May-Hegglin Anomaly **Trapped Neutrophil Syndrome** Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency (Di... Hereditary Elliptocytosis Hemophilia B Hemophilia B (Discovered in th... Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency (Di... Glanzmann Thrombasthenia Ty... Hemophilia A (Discovered in th... von Willebrand's Disease, type ... Canine Scott Syndrome Prekallikrein Deficiency von Willebrand's Disease, type ... Glanzmann Thrombasthenia Ty... Macrothrombocytopenia **Factor XI Deficiency** Hemophilia A (Discovered in th... Hemophilia A (Discovered in th... von Willebrand's Disease, type 1 **Factor VII Deficiency** Canine Leukocyte Adhesion De

Alexander Disease **Neuroaxonal Dystrophy** X-Linked Tremors Bandera's Neonatal Ataxia Degenerative Myelopathy Benign Familial Juvenile Epilep... Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis... Sensory Neuropathy Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis... Spinocerebellar Ataxia (Late-O... Neonatal Cerebellar Cortical D... Cerebellar Cortical Degenerati... L-2-Hydroxyglutaric Aciduria (... Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis... Spinocerebellar Ataxia with My... Narcolepsy (Discovered in the ... Juvenile Myoclonic Epilepsy Cerebellar Ataxia Alaskan Husky Encephalopathy Hypomyelination Spinal Dysraphism Narcolepsy (Discovered in the ... Juvenile Laryngeal Paralysis a... Cerebellar Hypoplasia **Lagotto Storage Disease** Sensory Ataxic Neuropathy Neonatal Encephalopathy with ... Fetal Onset Neuroaxonal Dystr... Hyperekplexia or Startle Disea... L-2-Hydroxyglutaric Aciduria Spongy Degeneration with Cere... Juvenile Myoclonic Epilepsy Cerebellar Ataxia Alaskan Husky Encephalopathy Hypomyelination Spinal Dysraphism Narcolepsy (Discovered in the ... Juvenile Laryngeal Paralysis a... Cerebellar Hypoplasia **Lagotto Storage Disease Sensory Ataxic Neuropathy** Neonatal Encephalopathy with ... Fetal Onset Neuroaxonal Dystr... Hyperekplexia or Startle Disea... L-2-Hydroxyglutaric Aciduria Spongy Degeneration with Cere... Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis... Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis...

Neuromuscular	~
Reproductive system	~
Skeletal	<b>~</b>
Skin	~
Urinary	<b>~</b>



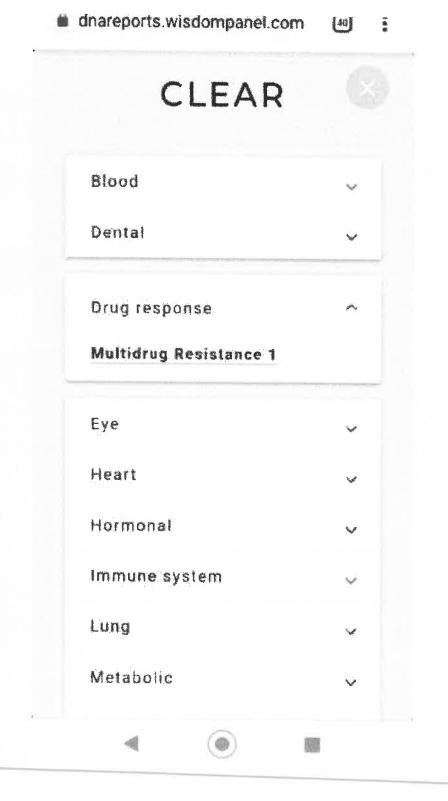
Dental

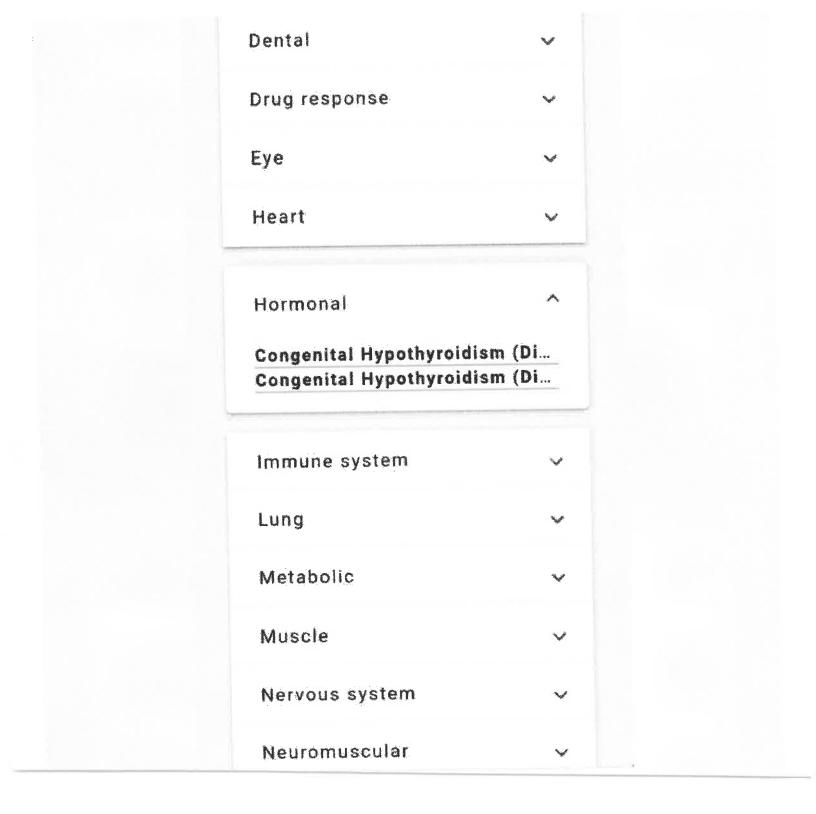
Drug response

Eye

Progressive Retinal Atrophy (Di... Cone Degeneration (Discovered... Progressive Retinal Atrophy (Di... Progressive Retinal Atrophy Ty... Dominant Progressive Retinal ... Canine Multifocal Retinopathy 1 Primary Open Angle Glaucoma ... Rod-Cone Dysplasia 1 Rod-Cone Dysplasia 1a Primary Open Angle Glaucoma Cone Degeneration (Discovered... Rod-Cone Dysplasia 3 **Cone-Rod Dystrophy** Cone-Rod Dystrophy 2 Cone-Rod Dystrophy 1 Canine Multifocal Retinopathy 2 Cone Degeneration (Discovered... **Primary Lens Luxation** X-Linked Progressive Retinal A...

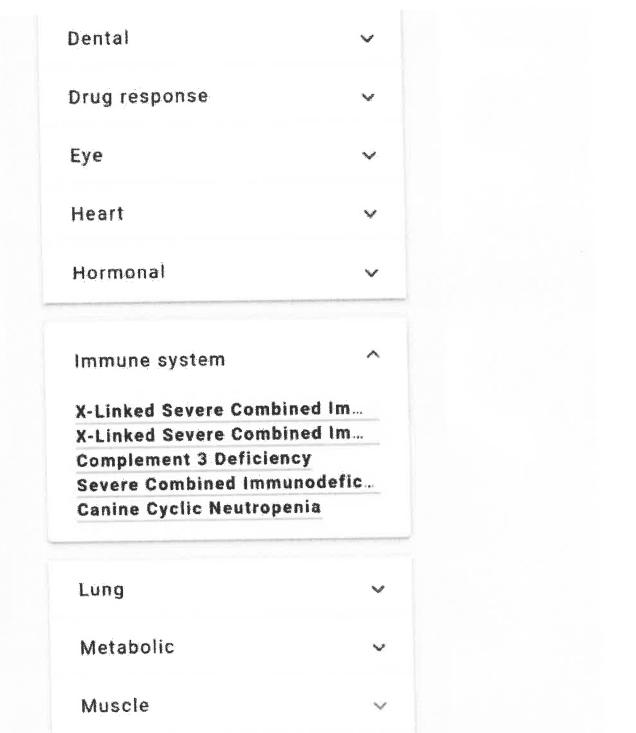
Heart



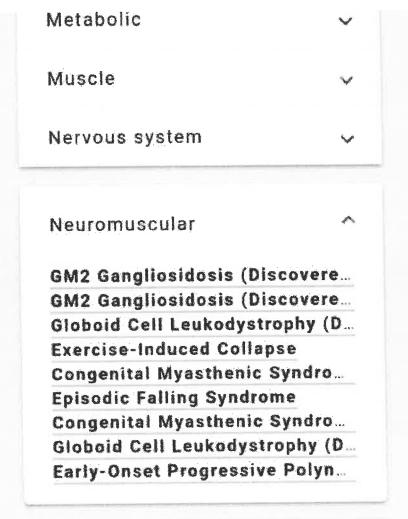


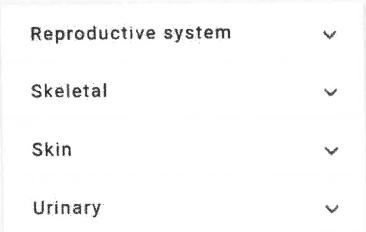
Muscular Hypertrophy (Double ...
Muscular Dystrophy (Discovere...
Muscular Dystrophy (Discovere...
Myotubular Myopathy
Centronuclear Myopathy (Discovere...
Muscular Dystrophy (Discovere...
Myotonia Congenita
Muscular Dystrophy (Discovere...
Centronuclear Myopathy (Discovere...
X-Linked Myotubular Myopathy

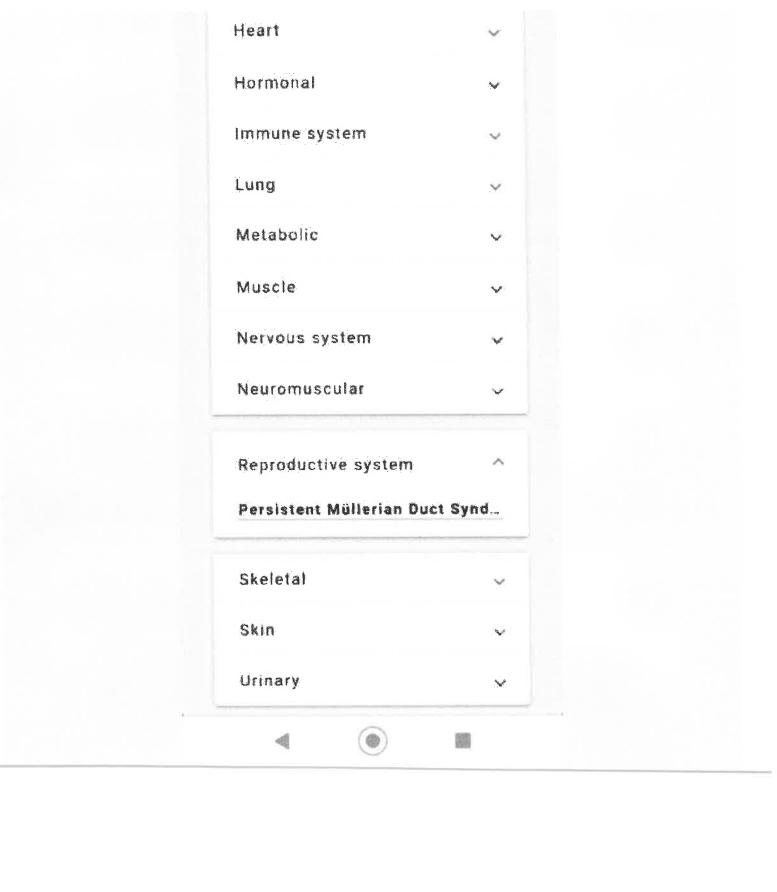
**Nemaline Myopathy** 

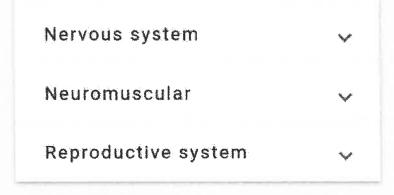


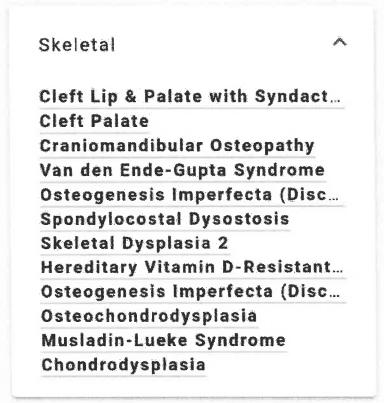
Nervous system



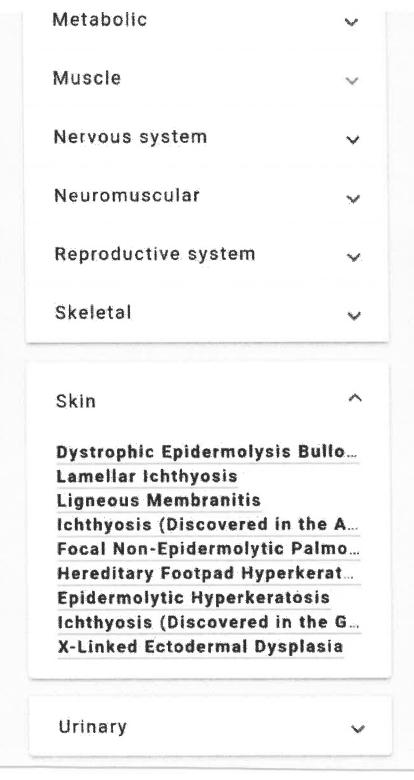








Skin 
Urinary



Muscle

Nervous system

Neuromuscular

Reproductive system

Skeletal

Skin

Urinary

Xanthinuria (Discovered in a mi...
X-Linked Hereditary Nephropat...
Hyperuricosuria
Fanconi Syndrome
Protein Losing Nephropathy
Cystinuria Type II-A
Cystinuria Type II-A
Xanthinuria (Discovered in the ...
Polycystic Kidney Disease
Renal Cystadenocarcinoma and...



Genotype: at/at m/m h/h sp/sp

Preston carries two copies of the gene for white spotting as opposed to one, which means they'll probably have a significant amount of white in their coat. Did you know some breeds that people think are white (like say Dalmatians or white Boxers) actually just have two copies of the white spotting gene?

# COAT LENGTH

Genotype: TT TT

Preston's coat is probably wiry and curly. Did you know this is because they show two copies of the gene for curl? If they'd shown one, their coat would be long and wavy.

## LEG LENGTH

Genotype: DD

Preston's legs should be relatively long in length, based on this marker (though there can be other genes that affect leg length). Did you know different dogs can have different leg lengths even if they are the same breed?



Genotype: at/at m/m h/h sp/sp

Preston carries two copies of the gene for white spotting as opposed to one, which means they'll probably have a significant amount of white in their coat. Did you know some breeds that people think are white (like say Dalmatians or white Boxers) actually just have two copies of the white spotting gene?



## Genotype:

Preston carries the gene for 'furnishings', which means they are likely to have a fuzzy beard and eyebrows. This trait is commonly associated with terriers, but is carried by many other breeds as well, including the Poodle. It may also have come from many generations back in their ancestry.

# EAR CARRIAG

Genotype: CC

A lot of factors can decide the shape of a dog's ear. But as far as we can tell, Preston probably has 'drop' or floppy ears. This type of ear is dominant, needing only one copy of the gene to show it. That's why it's so common in mixed breed dogs. Common breeds with drop ears include hounds, Labrador, Poodle and spaniels.

# BASE PIGMEN COLOR

Genotype: B/bs

Preston carries the gene for the 'expression' of black pigment. This means that even though their overall coat color may not be black, they are still able to make black pigment. They will also likely have black around their eyes, a black nose, and may even have black pads on their feet.